No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

91098





Level 2 English, 2017

KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

## 91098 Analyse specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s), supported by evidence

2.00 p.m. Tuesday 21 November 2017 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
Analyse specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s), supported by evidence.	Analyse specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s) convincingly, supported by evidence.	Analyse specified aspect(s) of studied written text(s) perceptively, supported by evidence.	

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should answer ONE of the essay questions in this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–12 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

**Excellence** 

**TOTAL** 

**07** 

You should aim to write a concise essay of no more than 5 pages in length. The quality of your analysis is more important than the length of your essay.

Support the points you make with specific details from the text(s).

Begin your written text(s) essay here:

In the play "Macheth" by William Shakespeare, the himlar character develops greatly. It is due to the goodings of his wife, and he murder he commits against King Dunean that spur on this change and so act as key himing points

for Macheth. This character progression is used by the playwight to highlight the play's key sheme of being wary of the

imagery and offer various language features to present nese

ideas to his audience.

Macbeth lived during the middle Ages, a time dominated by masculine figures. As such, Macbeth has developed a fragile ego since he is self conscious about whether or not he is man enough. It is this lack of confidence that his wife, Lady Macbeth preys upon. Once the highly ambitius lady Macbeth learns of the prophecies which foresee Macbeth as King, she becomes absolutely determined to manipulate new husband into usurping the current King Duncan. Lady Macbeth realizes that her husband is "not without ambition, but without the illness should attend it." Hence in her opening sililoquey steed monstates to the audience ter intentions of abandoning ten women hood by culling upon "the spirits that tend to mortal thoughts" and getting them to "make thick [her] blood"

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY inorder to "stop up the ucross and passage to remorse." To push her husband towards murder, Lady Macbeth is willing to become move masculine so as to five up her husband's ego and spur him on. This blood imagery is especially used by shakes peare as its occurance throughout the play will given the audience an insight into the characters progression. The scene where Lady Macbeth confronts Macbeth marks the start of her cunning and manipulation. Mucbeth mies to tell her that he only has "vaulting ambition which o'er leaps itself, and falls on the other side." He even tries to stand firm in his idea that "The Jaires do all that may become a man, who dares do more is none."

And yet Lady Macbeth famously replies to this dialogue by telling him that "to be so much more than you were, you would be so much more the end of their

discussion, Ludy Marketh has convinced her husband to "do

be deed" and as such has set into motion a series of

events which will not only plague ter mind, but eventually

lead to her own demise.

Despite Macbeth's reluctance to conform to his wife's ideas, he feels pressured to live up to his opender and so conceeds to murder his King. The regicide itself is an event which Macbeth hopes will be "the be all and end all" yet it marks the point at which neither Macbeth can him back from. As he goes to commit the weason, Macbeth sees a "dagger before [him], its handle to [his] hand." This imagery creaks a clear viewin be audiences mind of the conflict Macbeth is suffering infimally. He seems to think that this hallocination is "spring

Me facade of the "brave Macbeth" has begun to deteriorate into shat of the "sole hyrant whose name blisters highers".

Yet at this point he could shill pull out. However as he continues on to kill Duncan the made his bed and so now has to lie in it! When he looks down at his body he sees that "Duncans silver shin [is] laced with his golden blood." This blood imageny not only shows how Macheth sees Duncan as a noble king whose "virtues plead like angels", but it also Aveshadows how he will never be able to live up to the reign of this man. Thus Macheth has upset the natural order and so must pay dearly, an idea easily understood by the audience of the time as they would have found the idea of murdering a king unbelievable.

Whilst he thrusder itself sets into motion he plot, it is the continual goadings of Macheth by his wife that lead to this character through down a dark and violent path. After he murder, Macheth admits his regret and wishes that he could "wake Duncan with they knocking". He even goes so for as to weep over the fact that in a clické historion, he will never be able to "wash clean this blood from [his] hands "instead he believes that he blood will stain Neptune's ocean red. Once again he blood imagery is used to reflect he inner battle that Macheth is fighting in his Monghts. Yet it is not so much his imsparse that is important, but his wifes. Lady Macheth and calmly kells him that 'a little water clears us of he deed" as it she is oblinious to he fact that a man has died. She tells Macheth that attacks although her "hand are of [his] colour, [she] shames h wear a heart so white." Rother than choosing to contort and

Successful people such as Lance Armstrong going fullmer than they would have by breaking New morals and teshing he use steriods to be even better. This strive for perfection is G serious issue in our modern society that works to accounts for the high levels of ken depression, anovexia, and unterhinally suicide. This play clearly highlights he dangers of being over ambilious and as such ack as a narning he reader William Shakes peare uses key events such as; he gooding/ conflit between the hihlar characters, along with he murder Duncan, as key burning pants in the development of Macheth. #5 to The playwrights use of blood imagery, solliloguy thyming couplets and other language features draw the readers attention to Mese ideas hence partraying the advice of being rareful of being too and ambitions. It is likely that by not beeding this advite that you will only ever be remembered butcher and his fiend-like queen.

## Excellence exemplar 2017

Subject: English		Standard:	91098	Total score:	07			
Q		rade core	Annotation					
4		E7	Macbeth  The goading of his wife and the murder of King Duncan are the two events that act as turning points for Macbeth. The answer also shows a strong understanding of the nature of the relationship between Macbeth and his wife and her influence on him, whilst offering some fresh insight into the implications this has on both of them. The response includes and interweaves evidence throughout the argument and ends with an insightful comment about the contemporary resonance of the themes.					