

91390



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## Level 3 Chemistry, 2018

### 91390 Demonstrate understanding of thermochemical principles and the properties of particles and substances

2.00p.m. Thursday 15 November 2018  
Credits: Five

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Demonstrate understanding of thermochemical principles and the properties of particles and substances.	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of thermochemical principles and the properties of particles and substances.	Demonstrate comprehensive understanding of thermochemical principles and the properties of particles and substances.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

**You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.**

A periodic table and relevant formulae are provided in the Resource Booklet L3-CHEMR.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–11 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

**YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.**

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## QUESTION TWO

The standard enthalpy of vaporisation,  $\Delta_{\text{vap}}H^\circ$ , of methanol, propan-1-ol, and propanal, are given in the table below.

- (a) (i) List all the forces of attraction between the molecules in their liquid state.

Molecule	$\Delta_{\text{vap}}H^\circ$ /kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	<i>M</i> /g mol <sup>-1</sup>	Attractive forces
Methanol CH <sub>3</sub> -OH	38	32	
Propan-1-ol CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -OH	47	60	
Propanal CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> C $\begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ // \\ \text{H} \end{matrix}$	30	58	

- (ii) Compare and contrast the enthalpy of vaporisation of methanol, propan-1-ol, and propanal.

Your answer should include an explanation of the relative strength of the attractive forces between the molecules.

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**QUESTION THREE**

- (a) (i) Write an equation to represent the enthalpy of fusion (melting),  $\Delta_{\text{fus}}H^\circ$ , of water.

- (ii) Why is the enthalpy of vaporisation of water larger than its enthalpy of fusion?

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- (b) When 10.6 g of ammonium chloride,  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ , is dissolved in 65.0 mL of water, the temperature of the water changes from  $20.9^\circ\text{C}$  to  $11.5^\circ\text{C}$ .

The mass of the final solution is 75.6 g

Assume specific heat capacity of aqueous ammonium chloride =  $4.18 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$

$$M(\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}) = 53.5 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$$

Calculate the enthalpy change,  $\Delta_r H^\circ$ , for dissolving ammonium chloride in water.

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**Extra space if required.  
Write the question number(s) if applicable.**

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