No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

91279





NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY MANA TOHU MĀTAURANGA O AOTEAROA

QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

Level 2 Social Studies, 2017

91279 Demonstrate understanding of conflict(s) arising from different cultural beliefs and ideas

2.00 p.m. Thursday 30 November 2017 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
Demonstrate understanding of	Demonstrate in-depth understanding of	Demonstrate comprehensive	
conflict(s) arising from different cultural	conflict(s) arising from different cultural	understanding of conflict(s) arising from	
beliefs and ideas.	beliefs and ideas.	different cultural beliefs and ideas.	

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL parts of the task in this booklet.

Pull out Resource Booklet 91279R from the centre of this booklet.

If you need more room for your answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–14 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.



TOTAL

No part of this publication may be reproduced by any means without the prior permission of the New Zealand Qualifications Authority.

INSTRUCTIONS

Read Resource Booklet 91279R and use it to help you respond to parts (a)-(d) of the task below.

You must use **social studies concepts** and **specific evidence/examples** from the resources in your answer.

You should answer each part in essay form or in a series of paragraphs. You may support your answer with diagrams, pictures, graphs, or other forms of illustration.

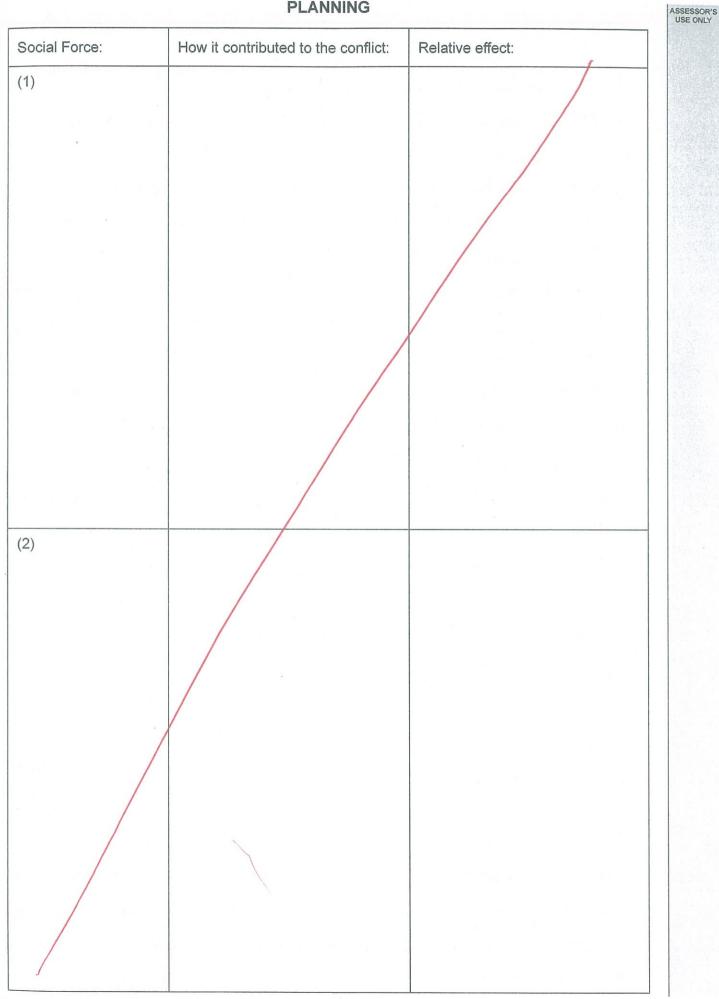
Space for planning is provided on pages 4 and 5. Begin your answer on page 6.

TASK: KEEPING ANIMALS IN ZOOS AND AQUARIUMS

- (a) Identify and describe the nature and cause of the conflict arising from different cultural beliefs and ideas on the issue of keeping animals in zoos and aquariums. (Page 6)
- (b) Describe the individuals/groups involved and their points of view, values, and perspectives. (Page 7)
- (c) Explain how TWO social forces from Resources E, F, or G contributed to the conflict over keeping animals in zoos and aquariums. (Page 9)
- (d) Evaluate the relative effect(s) of EACH of these TWO social forces on the conflict. (Page 11)

PLANNING

PLANNING	ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY
The nature and cause of the conflict.	
Relevant social studies concepts I will use:	
Animal Rights Community Social Action	
Values Change Conservation Animal Welfare	5
Other:	7
The individual(s)/group(s)/society(ies) involved and their points of view, values, and perspectives:	
Person/Group (1): Person/Group (2):	
Prescible perspectives to use:	
Possible perspectives to use:	
Economic Animal Rights Environmentalist Conservationist Animal Welfare Other	



PLANNING

Remember: You must use **social studies concepts** and **specific evidence/examples** from the resources in your answers.

(a) Identify and describe the nature and cause of the conflict arising from different cultural beliefs and ideas on the issue of keeping animals in zoos and aquariums.

6 million animals are estimate to live in captivity for human entertainment. Humans historically have always caged animals right back mesopotamig 4000 year ago. It is an international thend also in New realand (N2). People argue caged animals educate the public & give this educational opportunity to those who can't afford to travel to the animals natural habitats. I serve as important for research & conservation With Many environmental threats 200's & aquariams are seen as essential to long term survival of specier. us they can be breed & vein moduced & also spark peopler imaginations so they can assist in helping the environment. Frank Coles a zeo keeper says "No keeper likes having animals in captivity. But when you think about it there are it cloted place for them to go back too". However others disagree. PetA are opposed to require animals saying they are deprived, bored, lonely & can suffer from "Zoochosis". This condition is common in 2001s that animals are often given prozac, a drug to alt their mood. CAPS also oppose saying animals in 2000 suffer physically & mentally as their needs cast be met in unnatural environments. Many show distress such as pacing or rocking back & Both (200chosis) Experts say this is caused by captivity. 2005 Spend millions keeping animals caged - In London \$5.3 million Was spentra a Govilla enclousure. Cheif consultant to the UN great Ape survival project saying "Smillion painds for 3 gorillas when national parks are seeing that number killed orcupday top war Causing a conflict from their different beliefs about

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY Describe the individuals/groups involved and their points of view, values, and perspectives.

(b)

ASSESSOR'S

USE ONLY

Dr Kevin Parker is a conservation scientist whose work is reintroducing birds to establish wild populations. He believes, as seen through is writing on The tieke, that caging wild animals is wrong. One of NZ's biggest conservation successes in the Tieke. Their population was reduced to 500 in the 1960's but an ambittous trans location programme increase global population to 10,000 across 18 islands 8 5 protected mainland sites so extinction is unlikely. Dr Kevin parker values conservation & Vecognises this great success & believes conservation is crucial but was dissapointed by Auckland 200, who celebrated this success by caging 10 of these birds for a life of captivity in a 200. For smaller than their natural habitat. He says that "Zoos could never produce meaning Ril numbers of saddle backs, then are considerable disease risks when transferring birds" and also says captive bred birds fare poorly after Valease. Auckland 200 opposed this saying that people Will be able to appreciate the birds there for support their conservation. Howeve Dr Kevin Parker countered this saying in the Auckland region alone there are 5 island populations & a main land porte which are free to enter & ab petrol to them Cheaper than Zos admission fees dispraving any reasons the birds shauld be held in captivity. Dr Kevin Parker values the birds quality of life as well as their conservation and has an environmental perspective because he wants the birds to be happy in a natural Score environment that support fithe survival not temporary vesolution as captuity or deart fere Ve Ce CE Social Studies 91279, 2017 Well after

SSESSOR' Virginia Busch is the executive director of Endangered Wolf centre in SAREwera, USP. She is dedicated to preserving wild like & believes conservation facility like hers are key to saving the world's animal population "We cannot let a bud ill-informed minority opinion Manipulated by extremists, create long lasting policy changes, such as shutting down zoo's" she believes that the wild is in a state of crisis bought on by humans & that institutions like hers who she believes can make apositive change are being wrongfully targeted by those oposing 2005 saying "There is no grey areas" when it comes to people opposing all institutions keeping animals in captivity. She values the connection & up close encounters facilities like here provide to people & that "In the end without zoors & aquariams to inspire connection to wild life & wild places its the animals who will love " With 143 visitors each year no one else can provide that expenience or have the expertise to research & breed toward species Survival, study pladuocate branimals through first hand knowledge like zoos do. She believes the animals are counting on 2005 to help them. "Our amezing planet & amazing animals are country on as all" Virginia Busch has values what 2005 offer like availability of knowledge & up close encountry believing it inspires people to help their contervation so values an environmental the existance of zoos. She has perspective because she wants 2005 to remain in the interest of chimal welfore & conservation. despite captivity masocial Studies 91279, 2017 un happy

t over Assessor's USE ONLY

(c) Explain how TWO social forces from Resources E, F, or G contributed to the conflict over keeping animals in zoos and aquariums.

A social force contributing to the conflict is Campaigning. Many organisations campaign against Reeping animals in 2005 & aquaniums, SAFE is N2, leading animal advocacy organisation & its effect on the conflict can be seen through its campaigning against Svi Lanka gifting Rephant Nandi b Auckland 200, SAFE teamed upwith Shi Lanken orgenisations to urge the NZ princ ministe to reject the offer & gave a presentation in person to the Andeland Council. as a pert of the campaign. A change, org petition for Nandi to stay in Si Lanka has 512D supportes sofars SAFE NZ, head of campaigns, Mandy Carter said # that the gill of Nandi is "deportation packed as a gift" & "Cruel" Saying that Nandi is "to bring in verence to brikeep the 200 afloat". Auckland Zoo director Johnathan Wilcken spoke out "Auckland 200 does not Make money from having eleptrants, but its throughour elephant programme that we can continue & Furthe our support for animal conservation" despile SAFES campaigalready stating "The "breeding programme" for Archiand 200 isut linked to any valid conservation programme. Elephants born in 2005 cannot be, & never have been released back into the wild" Due to the social Gree campaigning Stilankan courts have ordered Nandi to remain in Sri Lanka until the court case can be heard. SAFE supported 18 groups who pethoned the Sni Cankan court of appeals to get this in Sni Can kaserial Studies 91279, 2017 outcone

9

Another social force contributing to the conflict is Economics. Despite compaigners like SAFE's best efforts 2005 are remaining open due to their contribution to the economy. Auckland zoo employs 500 staff & athacts More than Too,000 visitors peryear. Research Rom a Colmon Brunton 2011 regional resident survey or regranal amenities should wellington 200 is viewed as one of the top 3 pereificial amenities across Vegion with Tepapa & Westpac stadium, Karen Fifield, (Lif executive of welling te, 200 Sciol," We're proud to show the economic & social value that the 200 brings to Wellington. Using a social veture On investment model it was Bund that every \$1 of council funding the 200 generales an economic & social value of \$2,43. However 2005 are expensive to run. Auckland 2005 operang budget is \$12.5 million & capital expenditule pogramme of \$2 million per year. Auckland 200 vecieves about 20% or \$2.5 million of its operational fund from Adetained vates. The Councils across NZ see these investments as valuable saying "We strive to create rewarding visitor experiences & positil outcomes for Aucheland "as stated on their Websites Despite SAFE & people like Augustile Sanders, a rate payer in Aucklands disappiour/ councils See 2005 & aquoriums as valuble, Augustie Sanders saying "I was astonished to find out how much the city council was paying out of our rates to the 200, especially Men I think of how bad some other services are" Ceaving economics as social studies 91279, 2017

10

Campaignings effects on the conflict is

relatively large as it shows how many

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY

Evaluate the relative effect(s) of EACH of these TWO social forces on the conflict.

(d)

people are wanting to oppose the issue & propenisations like SAFE campaigning this help give those people unices. Petitions to kep elephant Nondi in SniCanky reached 5120 supporter so for & comparigners like SAFE show presentations and attempts to Create awareness of the damage zoos do to Gnimals like elephants saying "Any elephants

bon in Auckland 200 will remain the egptivity their entire lives " as "elephantsbon & bred in 2005 cannot be & never gre released back into the wild " because they worst fare well. However despite Campaignings positive intentions its effect on the conflict can be minimal. People opposed usually try to use numbers to Show their opinion & make a difference but no matter how many people sign & petito oposily 2005 & aqueniums the people in change of these facilities & the councils can still say no & more battles are lost than won. Scaly campaigning can have minimal effects on the conflict due to social Bressuch as economics being more important in the eyes of councils & was & aguninms instead of aniMal buller that people the SAFE Campaign

bre Economics have a velatively large effect on the conflict as money is very valuble. Cauncils across NZ See investment in infastmetine like 2005 and aquariums as extremly valuable. On the Auckland Council website it says " We shreeto Creak rewarding visitor aperenear's positile outcomes for Auckland" & Zoos due to their high return creak positive outcomes by giving Auckland more money to spond as well as newarding experiences by 2005 & aquiniums providing entertainment. Anekland attract around 700,000 people a year vaising income & supporting the cities burism as well as 500 staff being hird so Mon job opportunities ave provided to Ancklanders. Sadly animal welfare and environmental conservation dout outweigh the economic benefits through making money, tourism, employment which an all pouched reasons to maintain 2005, by Campaigning animal welfare is addressed but rejecting passible attractions like Nandi or closing down 2005 doesn't make citieslike Auckland & Wellington money or tourism or employment so the campaigns for the Conflict on largely ignored as the economic beneifits shadow the moral benefits of giving animals a happy life as campaigned & by organisations like SAFE making the Social force of economics far more significant to the conflict & has a larger effect a the conflict compared to campaigning.

Extra space if required. Write the question number(s) if applicable.

QUESTION

ASSESSOR'S

USE ONLY

Believes is a relevant social science concept because the conflict is based around different peoples belief.

Conservation is a relecant social science concept because the main debate our 2005 is now they contribute to animal conservation. It

Animal Welfare is a relevant social shedrer concept because animal welfere is the basis of the conflict. H

	1	
	· · /	
	100	

Excellence exemplar 2017

Sub	ject:	Socia	l Studies	Standard:	91279	Total score:	E8
Q	<u> </u>	rade core	Annotation				
1		Ξ8	This is an E8 as the evaluation of the relative effects of the social forces include specific evidence and gives evaluative statements about both forces. Evaluative comments include 'campaigning has a minimal effecteconomics have a relatively large effect, these assertions are then supported with reasoning. Evaluation is also shown by comparing the effects of the two social forces.				
		To support this strong evaluation, this candidate has also fulfilled the requirements of the task to a high standard consistently throughout the response, using detailed explanations specific and evidence.					