No part of the candidate evidence in this exemplar material may be presented in an external assessment for the purpose of gaining credits towards an NCEA qualification.

91281





NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY MANA TOHU MĀTAURANGA O AOTEAROA

QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

Level 2 Social Studies, 2017

91281 Describe how cultural conflict(s) can be addressed

2.00 p.m. Thursday 30 November 2017 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Describe how cultural conflict(s) can be addressed.	Describe, in depth, how cultural conflict(s) can be addressed.	Describe comprehensively how cultural conflict(s) can be addressed.

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL parts of the task in this booklet.

If you need more room for your answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–14 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.



INSTRUCTIONS

Using a cultural conflict you have studied this year, complete the task below to describe ways the cultural conflict can be addressed to achieve the desired outcomes for society.

You must use social studies concepts and specific evidence in your answer.

You should answer in essay form or in a series of paragraphs. You may support your answer with diagrams, pictures, graphs, or other forms of illustration.

Space for planning is provided on pages 4 and 5. Begin your response on page 6.

TASK: DESCRIBE HOW A CULTURAL CONFLICT CAN BE ADDRESSED

With reference to a cultural conflict you have studied this year, describe:

- the focus of the cultural conflict
- the individual(s)/group(s)/society(ies) involved and their points of view, values, and perspectives
- ^{*c*} the factors that shape the way the conflict is addressed
- way(s) of addressing the conflict
- possible outcomes arising from ways of addressing the conflict
- f your recommendation for the best way of addressing the conflict to achieve the desired outcomes for society.

PLANNING

ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY The focus of the cultural conflict: Paleshine IIsrael Jews IIsraelis Arabs Paleshinians - 683-1917 AD under of. rule - Abraham, God cout. British mondate, 1948 UN P. Plan, 1948-1949 Nor (200, 750,000 releques, Al-shah camp West Bank, Jordan + Egypt 1967 Sit day war - 60%. P. land ulaimed 2014 Op. p. edge against Gisza Relevant social studies concepts I will use: (altwee Individual(s)/group(s)/society(ies) involved and their points of view, values, and perspectives: Person/Group (1) Person/Group (2) Machmond Abbas, Pres of state. P Benjamin Netanyahu, Israeli pm "The Palestinian leaders are poisoning "Dur aim is not to sole the or alethe future and we to blame for legitimise Israel, rather we want the workneed conflict " to gain legitimacy for to cause of the prople of Palestine." Values - security P - Nahonalism V-1 - comalitist Factors that shape the way the conflict is addressed: Factor (1) Factor (2) Religion Historical importance Jews Tews - Gud cout. - Synapoques face - Perseundon - Holocaust binist - Abraham led there - solomon's temple - Sterotypes - morey in Us - moses + A proplets Muslim Arass Arabs - 683 A IGITAD - Family SIZAN. - Same god, Abraham + moses - & 1st aible (p. dlechon therebs - cuitine no foreign control - historical pres, - 3rd most holy city - Same land

PLANNING

 Way(s) of addressing the conflict: Way(s) of addressing the conflict: Possible outcomes arising from ways of addressing the conflict: (1) S cinchion5 BDS group against JSrael BDS int. comparing against threstnest 20-36% of s. Electivola (work (work Finne)) (2) Settlements - Nost Sant (Anid, East Jenselen) - Wolcow setting heavy - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Pristes people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Pristes people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Pristes people out - Instress people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Pristes people out - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Instress of p. Ind. - Wolcow setting heavy - Instress people out - I	PLANNING				
BOS group against Israel BDS unigreens BDS int. comparign against investment decreased by 46%. in 2014 20-30% of s. Etailwork (world Finnee) (2) Settlements - Illegal index UN resolution - West Bant (Mid. East Jerusaleru) - Cara uniti 2005 boen air f - Woold for the best way of addressing the conflict to achieve the desired outcomes for society:	Way(s) of addressing the conflict:				
- Illegal inder UN resolution - West Bank (Anich, East Jerusalem) - Gaza uniti zoos lopen air p ² - 1000,000 settlas boday - 1000,000 settlas boday - 1000 of inscriber	BDS group against Israel - BDS Walgreens - BDS Int. compaign against investment of ecreased Sy 46%. in 2014	Wolk - 1. tightens don't wolk - no effect Jik Rowling "Boycothing Israel on every possible Grant Mas its allure work its uncomfortably with me is by severing contact with Israel we refuse to engage with the Israeling why are most pro. P. and mast			
outcomes for society:	- Illegal inder UN resolution - West Bank (Anial, East Jernsalem) - Gaza until 2005 "open gir p?	- loss of B. land - more IDF presence - re separate roads - more check points - lack of resultces (sharqued resources - 1976, 3200			
	outcomes for society:	ssing the conflict to achieve the desired			

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Begin your answer here:

The conflict between Israel and Paleshine is that at a conflict one land rights. Both Jews and Arabs feel they are entitled to five on the Holy Lord, but are unuilling to comprome and share. For Jewish people, the Holy Land, Israel, is extremely important s they believe Abraham led their people to the promised Land, in the Old Testament of the Bible, and that they have a covenant with God, who promised from the land. For Arab people, the Holy Land | Israel / Paleshine is also extremely important as Arab people lived a there from 683AD to 1917AD under Ottoman Empire rule, and therefore have a strong connection to the rand. To Jews, Jerusalen is the most holy city, and to Arabs it is the 3'd most holy gity, after Mecca and Meelina in Sandi Arabia. THETER Would War One, the British promised both (As the British rade (As the British rade) Arabs and Jens that he Holy Land would be theirs - Jens Tak as a place to escape persecution and ato because of their religious beliefs, and Araps has tighting along side the Allies in the war. However, the British found the mandate 600 hard to govern and to homoled it to the United Nations (UN) to govern. In 1948, he UN formed a Painhon Plan, that split he Holy Land into two territories, Israel and Palettire, with Jernsalem being controlled by the UN. However war broke out between the two, with the Parlestine supported by other took countries such as Egypt and Jordan, and Itravel backed by the United States of America (USA). This was lasted from 1948 to 1949, and resulted in 750,000 Palestinian refugees fleeing to refugee camps such as Al-Shahin the West Bapte, while 150,000 Palleshimans remained behind in Israel. In 1967 was broke out again, this

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home being the Six - Day War, in which Is ravel conquered ASSESSOR'S USE ONLY 60% of the lond designated to Paleshire in the 1948 Partition plan. Conflict shill continues today, recently of Operation Protestive Edge against Gaza, led by Israel.

Severaly As the content is ongoing, bere are many points of new on it. / Ronjumin Netanyaha, Prime Minister of Israel, Los a point of view on the Israul/Palestine conflict. He thinks that Paleshire is enhibility to blame too the wors and conflict, and that they are only doing more harm. He said, "The leaders of Paleshire are poisoning the future, and are to blame for the continued confect. " I Benjamin Netanyahu, Prime Minister of Frael, Kinter thes because he values the security of Israel, and the advancement of Israelis. Therefore he disregards any peace or regonation offes made by Palethinian laders us he believes that Israel must be kept role and secure hom paleshinian influence at any cost. Benjamin Netangahu, Prime Minkeler of Israel, as the thes these perause he has a new openhost perpensive. His would new means he is concerred only about Israel and Israeli people, and only do grything to enjoy their betterment, regerclest of any on effets theat could have on Palestine and Palestinat.

Secondly, Mahmand Addas, President of the State of Paleshire, Los a point of view on the Estated palestive conflict. He thinks that Paleshhians deserve treatment equal to Estates and that that as be achieved without help deminental to P Israelis. He raid, "Our aim is not to isolate or de legitimite Israel; where we want to gein legitimacy for the racical the people of ISA Paleshine." M Mahmoud Abbas, President of the State of Paleshine, thinks this because he values falestiman linebeads, and Paleshinary as in dividual people. He inderstand now hard life can be for Paleshinians and wants to improve of. M Mahmoud Abbas, President of the State of Paleshine, thinks this because of his equalities people. He inderstand this because of his equalities people. The state of Paleshine, thinks this because of his equalities people. This means he wants equality between Paleshinian and Israelis, be cause he recognises that Paleshinians and Israelis have equal worth and describe to be preated on so. M

Une factor that shapes the way the Israel) Palestine condict 1s addressed to religion. To both Arabs and Jews, religion is an extremely important par of their culturest and identity. Both Jeris and Muslims (Arabs) recognise the sam hod, and both believe Abraham and Moses to be prophets. Both diso place great significance on the city of Jerusalem. For Jews, Jerusalem 15 the most Holy city, and therefore syragoques all around the world face In the direction of Jerusalem, so that prayers may be made In that direction too. Jeruralem is also home to Solomon's the which is the most holyshrinein Judaism. To Muslims (Atabs), Jerusaten is important becauk it is the 3'd most hely city, after Mecca and Medina. Jerusalem is also the first Uibla in Islam, meaning the First drin established direction of prayer, and because of this many trails that straggle to indirstand and respect that parts of Jerusalem are

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Die way of addressing the Israel Palesmine conferct is with sanchans.

SSESSOR'S conholled by tsrael, is trey believe such a holy place shared not be governed or conholled by foreigners - Israelis. Another factor that shapes the way the Israel Palestie conflict is addressed is history. To Arabs, the holy land is extremely important because their ancestors and predessessors lived on the land from 683 - 1917 AD, under the rale of the Ottoman Empire. This means that the land is rich with family history, sites of significance such as gravestones or burial sites, and rich cultural identity. Many Arab families lived on the same conel for centuries, and so Euris tradinons, rituals and practices were passed down between generations on Anose that inel. Derelore, the Moky Land & incredibly important, historically, to Arabs. For Jens, the Holy Land is a place of refuge, where they will not be discriminated against or seen as lower people. Throughout history, Jews have often been persecuted for their dress, teatures, prachces, religion, - me perhapter most For well known in the Holocaust during Word War 2, when more that six musen Jemsh men, women and children here lalled in concentration camps aeross Europe. So has Jews, Israel is a rafe place, makere negare, here of discrimination. Jews often were discriminated against for the their investments which often made them Wealthy, and as a result some people believed that Jews were part of an international corporacy, tax manipulang the world's movey for their own gein. In Israel, Jers are free from such stereotypes.

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In Boycott, Divest, Sanchons group (BDS) I'm led sand inter nand used ranchons against Israel previously, to try to make the Israeli government better treatment of & Paleshnian people. BOS Used a protest in lakerapana the United Kingdom Repermented Chain, Wolgreens, to raise awareness of the standard of living that the four fallesh mans that the shoppens were supporting by buying Inaveli goods. BDS also used an International sanchon campaign to discourage countries from investing in Israel, and as a result of this sanction, Poreign investment in Israel decreased by 4.61. in 2014. However, the effectiveness of sanchons is not terribly high, with World Finance reporting it to be between 20140301. Another way of addressing the Isracel/Palestine conflict is the Israeli government's bouilding of settlements in Paleshimon territories. tama These settlements are in the West Bank, such as Ariel and East Jeruraiem, and used to be in Gaza, anni 2005. Settlements are illegal under international law and UN resolution, but in the West Bank settlements are nome to some 600,000 Israeli settlers.

Using sanchons as a way to address the Israel I palerkine conflict hos several octicomes. If the sanchons work, the Israeli government could respond positively to international pressure, and relax their restrictions on the rights of Palestinians. However, if the sanchons work, the Israeli government may devide to become tangier on Paleshnians as a farm of revenge or a show of deficice to the international community, which would make life much header for Palestinians. A IF the sanchons do not work every the Israeli government

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> will feel no pressure and nothing will change. Author J. K. Rowhing of the Harry Potter series is to skeptical about the effectiveness of sanchions, saying, " Boy cotting Israel on every possible hont tas its allure. When sits anoundatally with me is by sevening constant with Israel, we reture to engage with the Israelis who are most pro Paleshrian and most onitical of the Israeli government." She makes the point that while sanchons might appear to be a good idea, they could really be purishing these who want to make a difference to the lives of Portestimons, and who actually have the power to de so. / Using settlements as a way to address the Irrael Palestine conduict Los several out comes. Firstly, the more Israeli settlements there are, the less Palestinian and exists. This is ideal for Israel, but destructive to the Paleshnians who had her land taken. This causes great radinip - people have to live on the streets, have a lack of water and electricity and other basic reeds. More Israelis in a Paleshnian area also means that Paleshnian jobs will be taken, making it harder for them to feed their families and Cive comportably. With more Israely comer more checkpointy and Israel Défense Force (IDF) personnel, makingit harder For Paleshnians to travelto work or other places, as they lace to get through many checkpoint inside the West Bank. This leads to seperate roads for Palestinians and Israelis berry bight, and even less Paleshnian land. The more settlements are built, the higher the number

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of Israeli pettles gets. In 1976, there were just 3,200 Israeli pettlers in the West Bank, and today there are over 600,000. More settlements for makes life much more complicated for Palashimons, on settlements offen take the bulk of the resources to, the Westpank, such os water. While Israelis & min in their pools in the summerme, water when is strict for Palashimons, for for of running out. The leads to Paleshinion tarmer not being able to water their crops, josing food bat also their income and civelihood.

To address the a Israel Paleshinian conflict, Iwould suggest that a two-state solution is reached, similar to the 1948 UN Parhhon Plan. This way, both Arabs and Jews could have their own territories, and with shared ownership of Jerusalem, both Could access their holy city. However, this could not happen intront some readership charge, but also culture charge and regolianon. While Mahmoud Abbas, to President of the State of Paleshre is willing to regonate peacefully, Benjamin Nelanyahn, M Prime Minister of Israel, refuses to adapowledge ong wrong doing by Israel and so they cannot negohate construction. For this two-state solupon to be reached, prere would also have to be some culture charge mithin the people of Israel and Palestite. Israel must be miling to compromise not give up some of their land inorder for

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Palestinians to gain more, and while right-may Netonyahu 1's shill prime Minister, this seems highly unlikely is happen.

A second solution, and personance hashle are, hould be a one state solution where either Israed or Palestre owns all of the Holy land. This could be born out of an apprised of the an altra -orthodox Jewish faction, or an extremist Apost Arob group and would add result in war or even a genocide of are people. At the moment this does seem most about, and while I don't recommerce it i thank it is important to variater. If tensions between Israel and Paleshre be came extremely hostile, with an one willing to regonate peacefully or value the work of non-violent alternals to communicate with the opposite government I think this would be very helly to hoppen, and I would hope that the UN would step in before it got to this points.

Finally, my preferred out come, is a one, state, Shaid territory where Parlestitions and Israelis Live Regether on equals, and still retain all their intral identity and importance. However, this is extremely idealistic and very unhikely to happen. Konstitutional discrimination is written into Israeli law, & so it would take decades to write it out

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> and change the mindlet of Israelis of all ages. Similarly, many Palestinions would be & unwilling to work and live alongende their oppressors, Isra-elis, and it would take many, many years to progive the Israeli government for their times against Paleshinians. While I would really like this jointon to be reached, I think it is too idealistic to happen any time soon, & Much regenation, compromise, persistence and dedication to the cause would be needed hom not only the two governments, but from the vorious political groups and of course the civilians cought In the middle of everything. //

Annotated Exemplars 91281

Excellence exemplar 2017

Subject: Social		Socia	Studies	Standard:	91281	Total score:	E7	
Q		ade ore	Annotation					
1	scoreAnnotationThis is an E7 because the candidate has used a throughout the response, evidence has been co recommended way of addressing the conflict.A clear recommendation for the best way of add given. This recommendation includes some read 		has been conside the conflict. The some reasoning achieve the desired ow "Palestinians ar heir cultural identity engthened to reach	red when conside ng the conflict has g as to why the d outcomes for so nd Israeli's to live y and importance E8 by further dev	ering the s been ociety ". veloping			